

DRAGON 2021 SYMPOSIUM
Dragon 4 Final Results LIs Reporting
19 to 21 July 2021

Tuesday, 20 July 2021

LANDSLIDE IDENTIFICATION, GEOHAZARDS MONITORING AND RISK ASSESSMENT USING ADVANCED, MULTI-SOURCE, EARTH OBSERVATION TECHNIQUES

summary report ID:32365

European LI: **Joaquim J. Sousa**

Chinese LI: **Jinghui Fan**

Sub-projects Id. 32365_1

Landslide and ice movement identification, monitoring near typical glacier lakes in Tibet using advanced earth observation techniques

utad



European PIs	European YS	Chinese PIs	Chinese YS
Joaquim Sousa	Pedro Aguiar	Fan Jinghui	He Peng
	Rui Song		Wan Qun
	Bruno Silva		Wu Yue

Sub-projects Id. 32365_2

Monitoring landslides movement over rugged mountain area integrated with multiband SAR and LIDAR



European PIs	European YS	Chinese PIs	Chinese YS
Zbigniew Perski	Tomasz Wojciechowski	Liu Guang	Qiuyue Feng
	Piotr Nescieruk		Jiayu Li
			Yun Zhang

Sub-projects Id. 32365_3

Spatio-temporal landslide identification and activity assessment for hazard and risk investigations in Longnan region, Northwest China

eurac
research



European PIs	European YS	Chinese PIs	Chinese YS
Stefan Steger	Peter Mayrhofer	Bai Shibiao	Shijia Zhang
			Jie Shu
			Jun Wang
			Xiaoshuan Wu

Sub-projects Id. 32365_4

Collaborative Monitoring of Multiple Geohazards over Traditional Heavy Industrial Region in Northeast China with Multi-source Remote Sensing Data



European PIs	European YS	Chinese PIs	Chinese YS
Stefano Salvi		Wu Lixin	Qiuyue Feng
Christian Bignami		Wei Lianhuan	Jiayu Li
Cristiano Tolomei		Shanjun Liu	Yun Zhang
		Yachun Mao	

Data access (list all missions and issues if any). NB. in the tables please insert cumulative figures (since June 2016 to June 2020) for no. of scenes of high bit rate data (e.g. S1 100 scenes). If data delivery is low bit rate by ftp, insert "ftp"

ESA Third Party Missions	No. Scenes
1. Cosmo-Skymed	745
2. TerraSAR-X	68
3. ALOS	48
4. PlanetScope	2
5.	
6.	
Total:	863

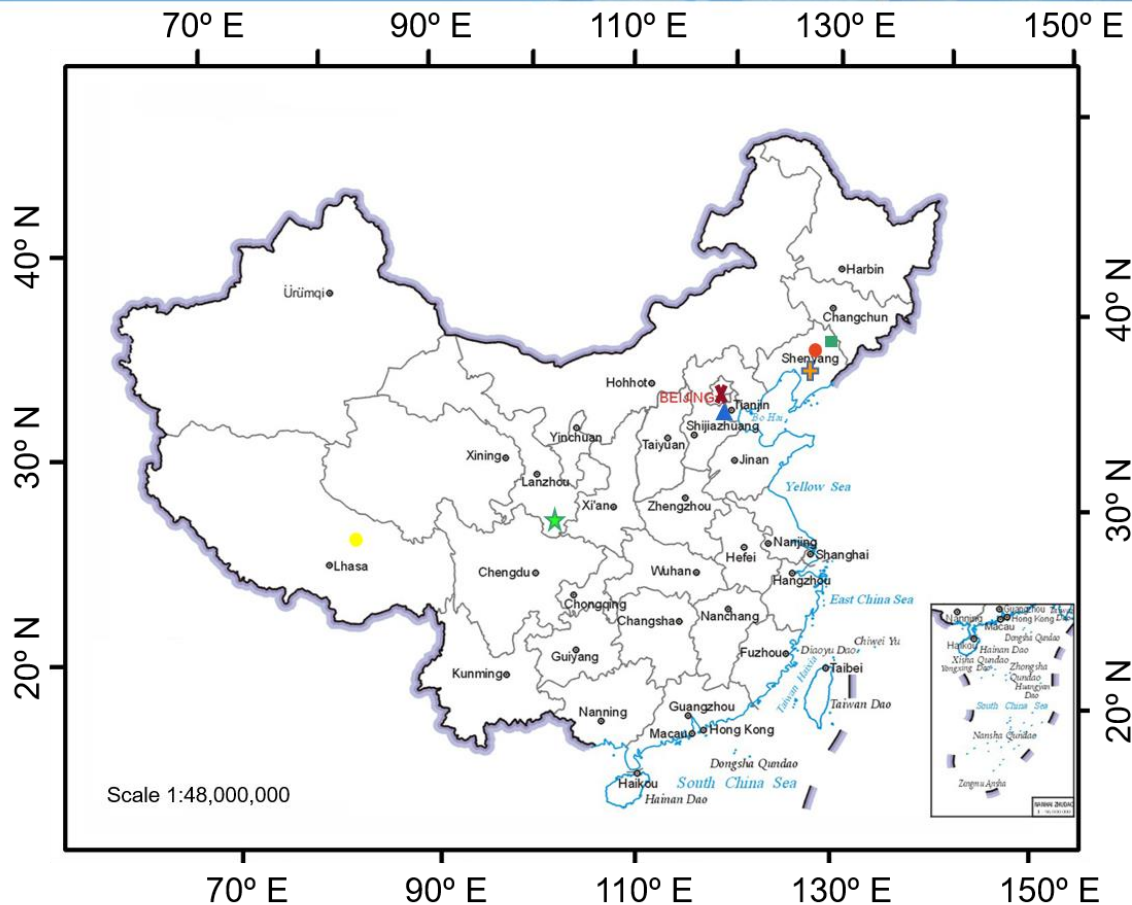
Issues: nothing to report

ESA, Explorers & Sentinels data	No. Scenes
1. Sentinel 1-A/B	1740
2.Sentinel 2-A/B MSI	1657
3. ERS	255
4. Envisat	510
5.	
6.	
Total:	4162

Issues: nothing to report

Chinese EO data	No. Scenes
1. GF-1 & GF-3	
2. ZY-3	
3. Jiling-1 (2015-2019)	
4. Beijing-2 (2015-2019)	
5. CBERS-4 (2014-2019)	
6. HJ-1 A/B/C (2008-2019)	
Total:	349

Issues: nothing to report



- Yiga Glacier
- ★ Longnan
- ▲ Beijing South_Tianjin West
- ✕ Beijing
- ⊕ Anshan
- Shenyang
- Fushun

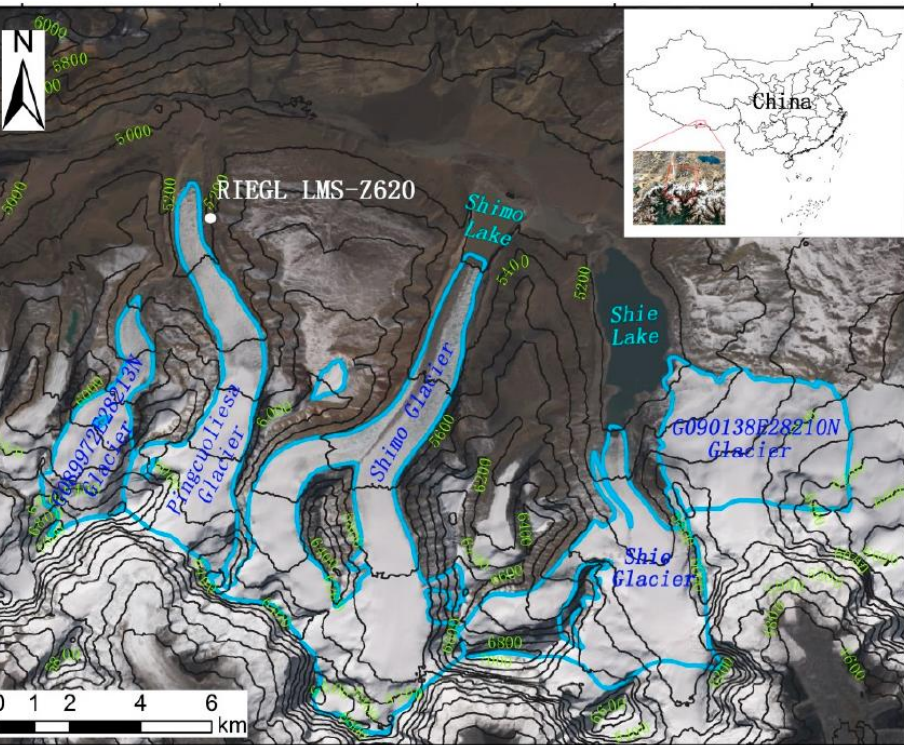
Location of the areas of AOI used in the Dragon-4 32365 project

Landslide and ice movement identification, monitoring near typical glacier lakes in Tibet using advanced earth observation techniques

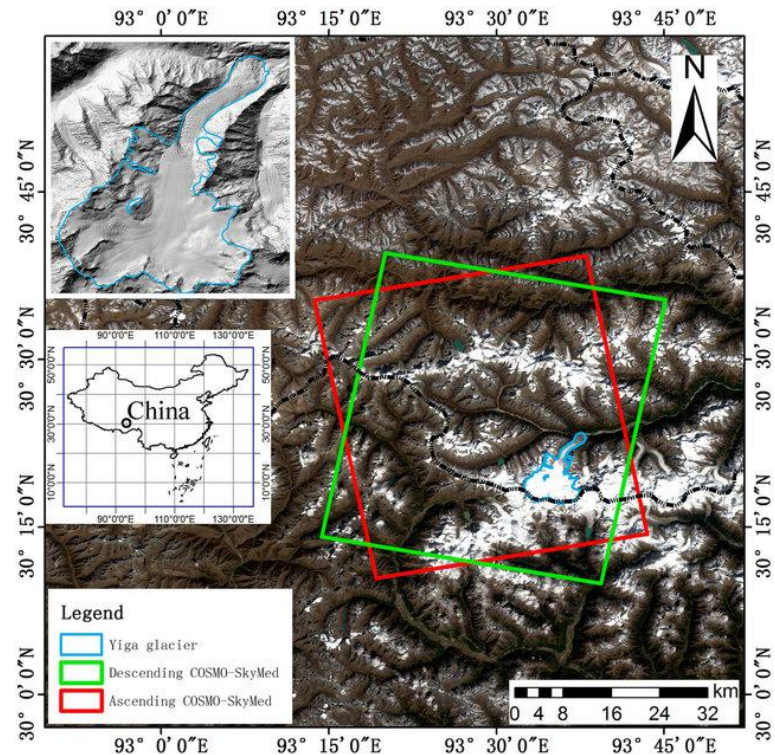
Glaciers...

1. Are often regarded as sensitive recorders and indicators of global climate change;
2. Whose movements can cause serious natural disasters, such as debris flow and glacial lake outburst floods, that threaten human production and life.



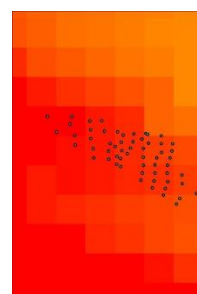
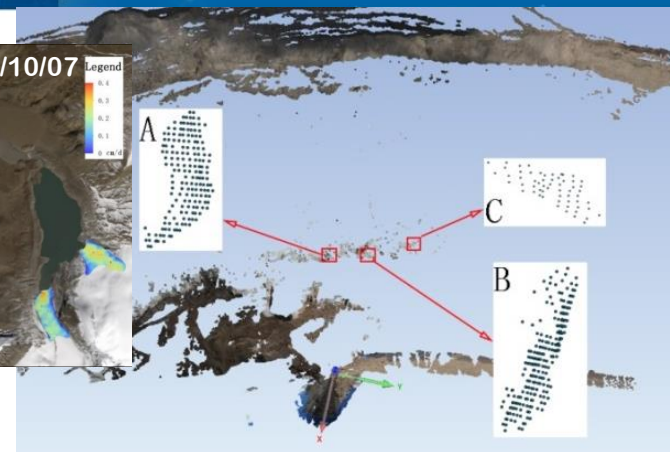
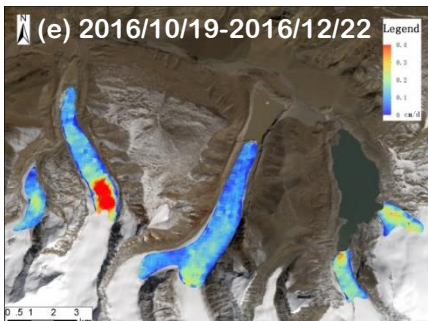
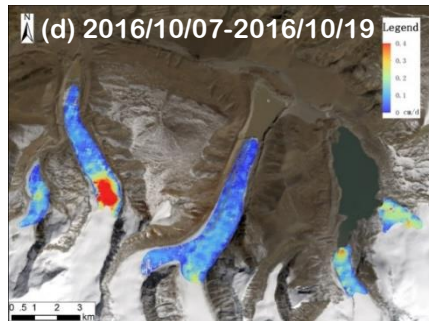
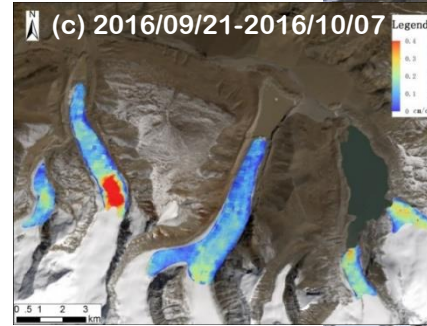
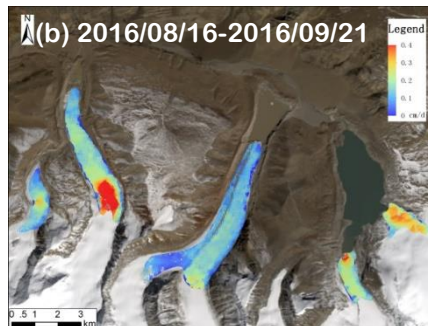
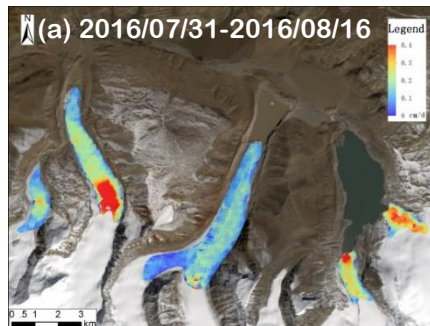


(a)



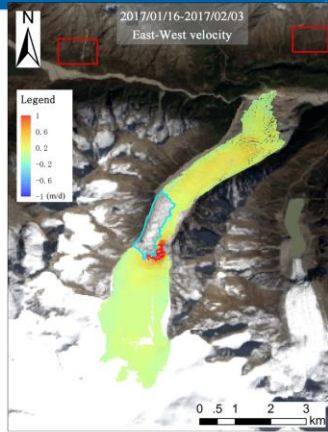
(b)

Glaciers studied in the scope of the Dragon-4 project

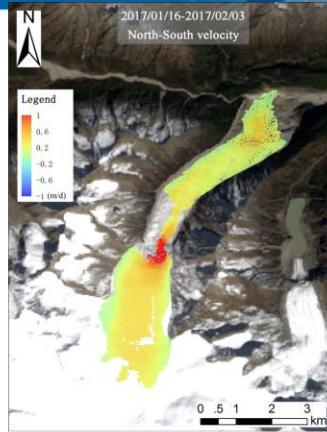


Glacial surface velocities based on offset tracking techniques across five periods (a-e);

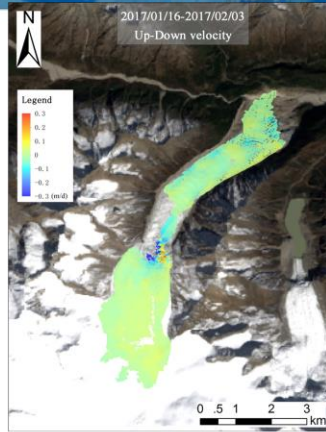
TLS Point Cloud Data on Glacial Surfaces



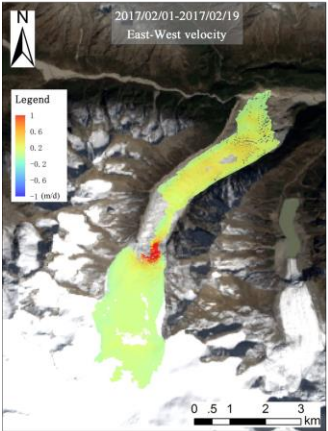
20170116-20170203
East-West velocity



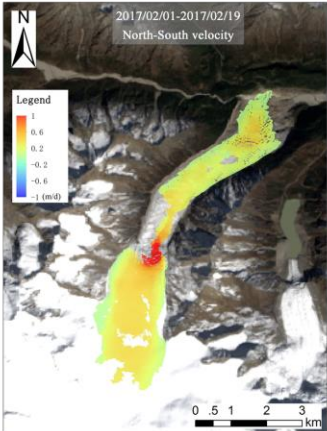
20170116-20170203
North-South velocity



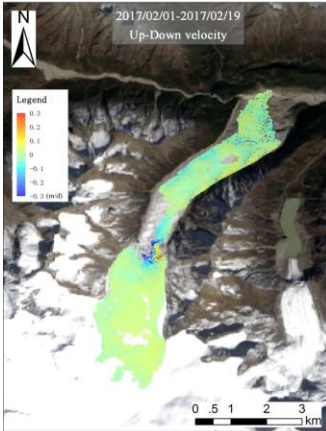
20170116-20170203
Up-Down velocity



20170201-20170219

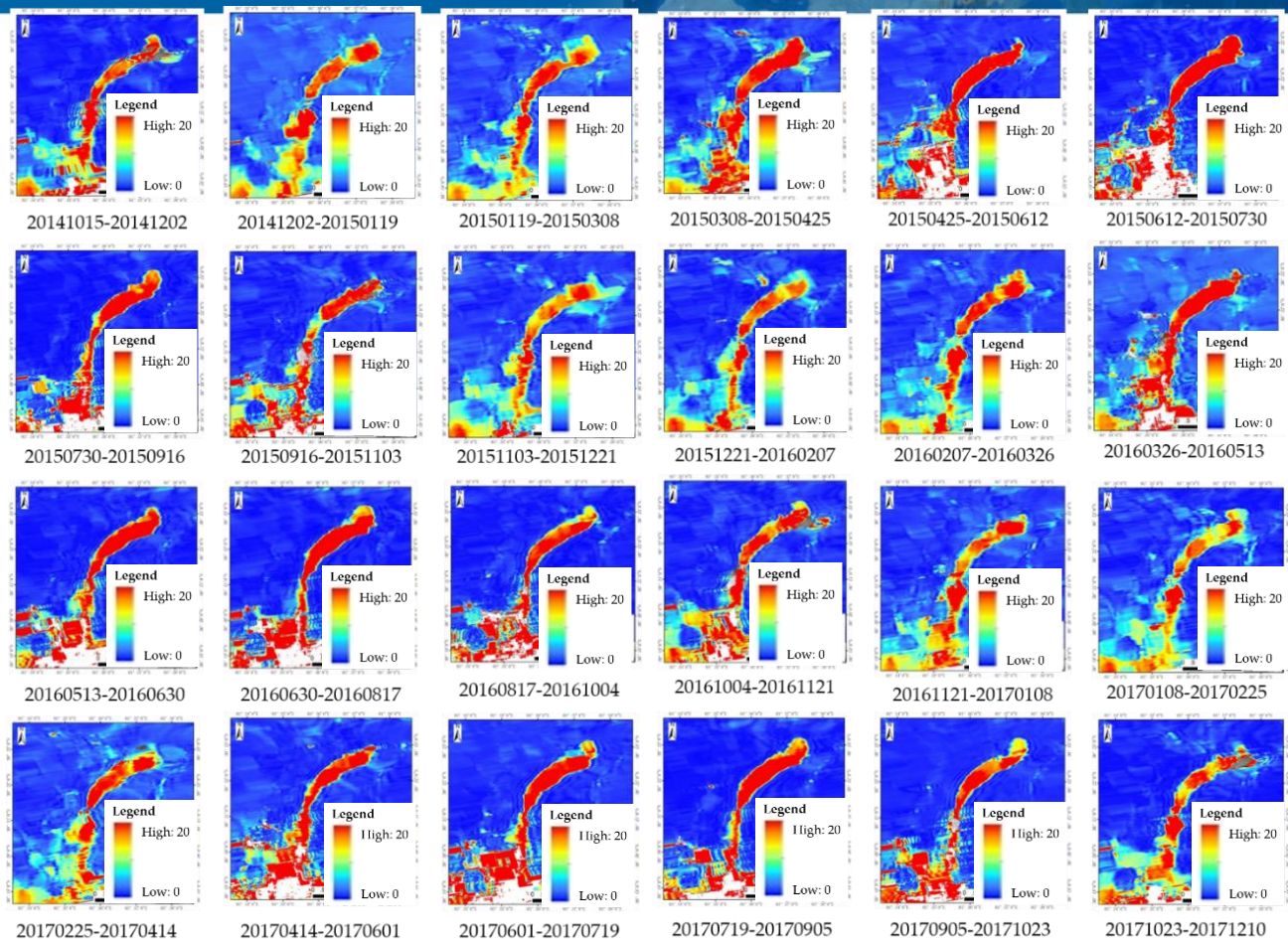


20170201-20170219



20170201-20170219

The 3D velocity components in the east-west, north-south and up-down directions during the two periods of 16 January to 3 February 2017 ((a), (b) and (c)) and 1 February to 19 February 2017 ((d), (e) and (f)).



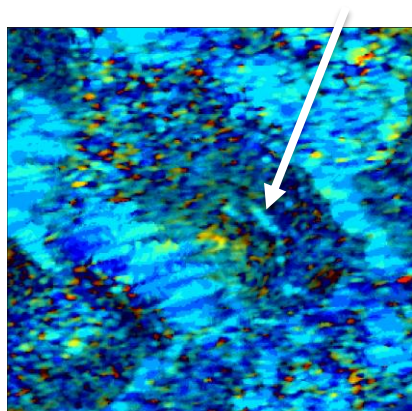
Velocity distribution of the Yiga Glacier between October 15, 2014 and December 10, 2017

Landslides movement and subsidence monitoring

1. Beijing Fangshan Landslide
2. Beijing and Huabei subsidence

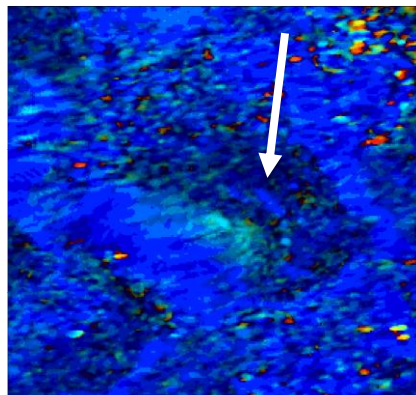
Beijing Fangshan Landslide

ALOS PALSAR2 InSAR



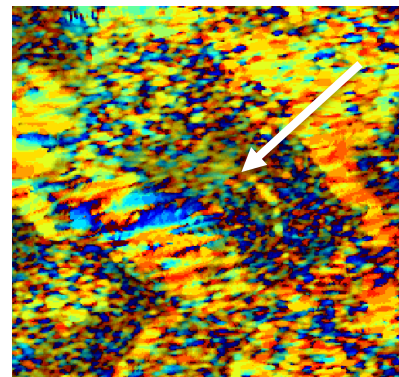
2016/07-2016/12

Bperp=98m



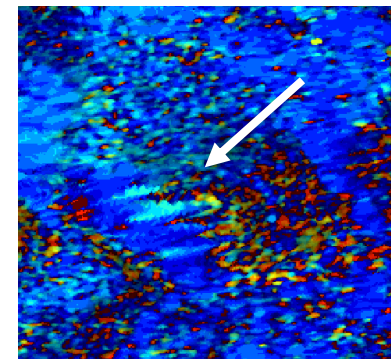
2016/12-2017/11

Bperp=50m



2017/11-2018/07

Bperp=242m

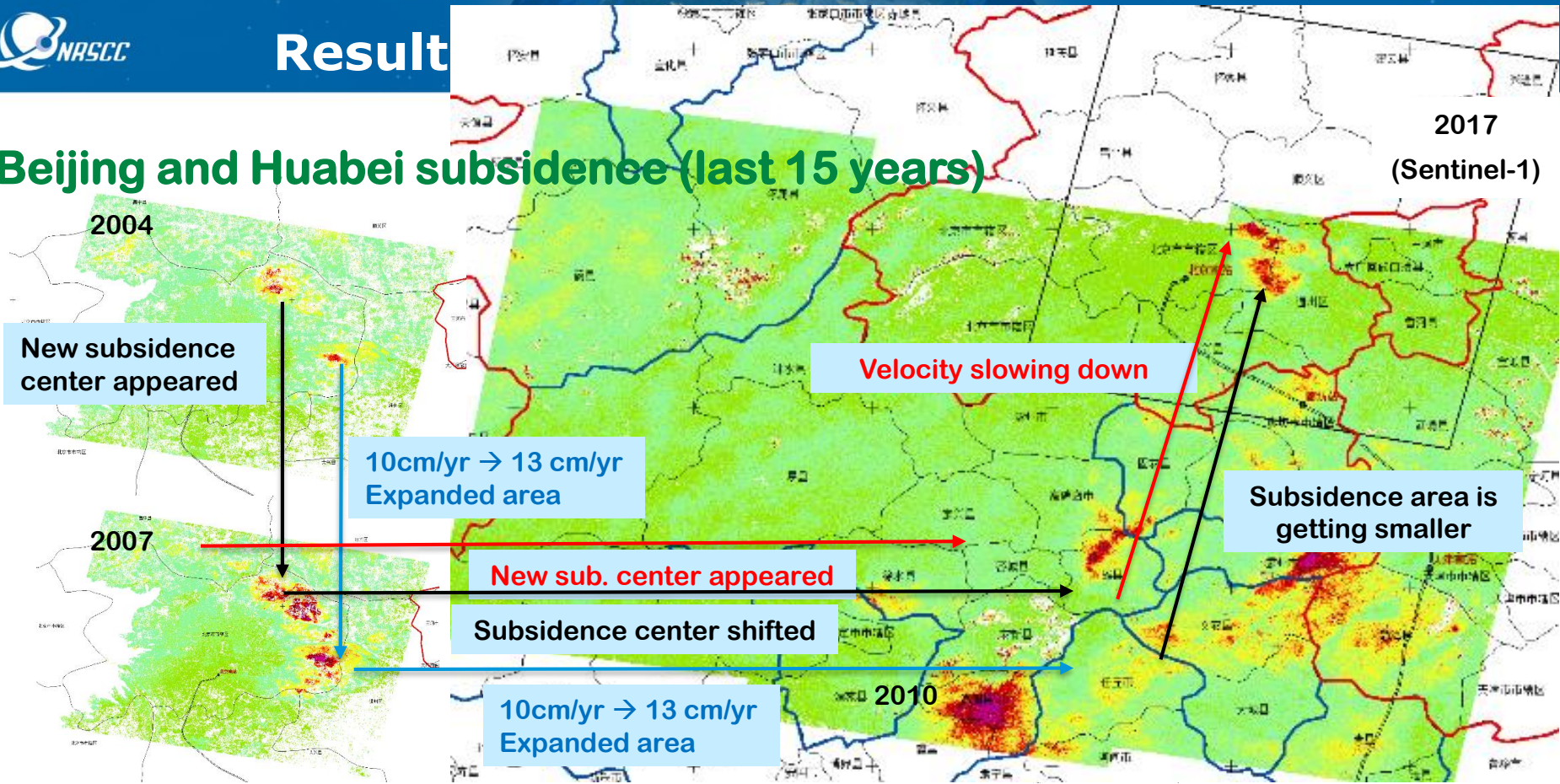


2018/07-2018/09

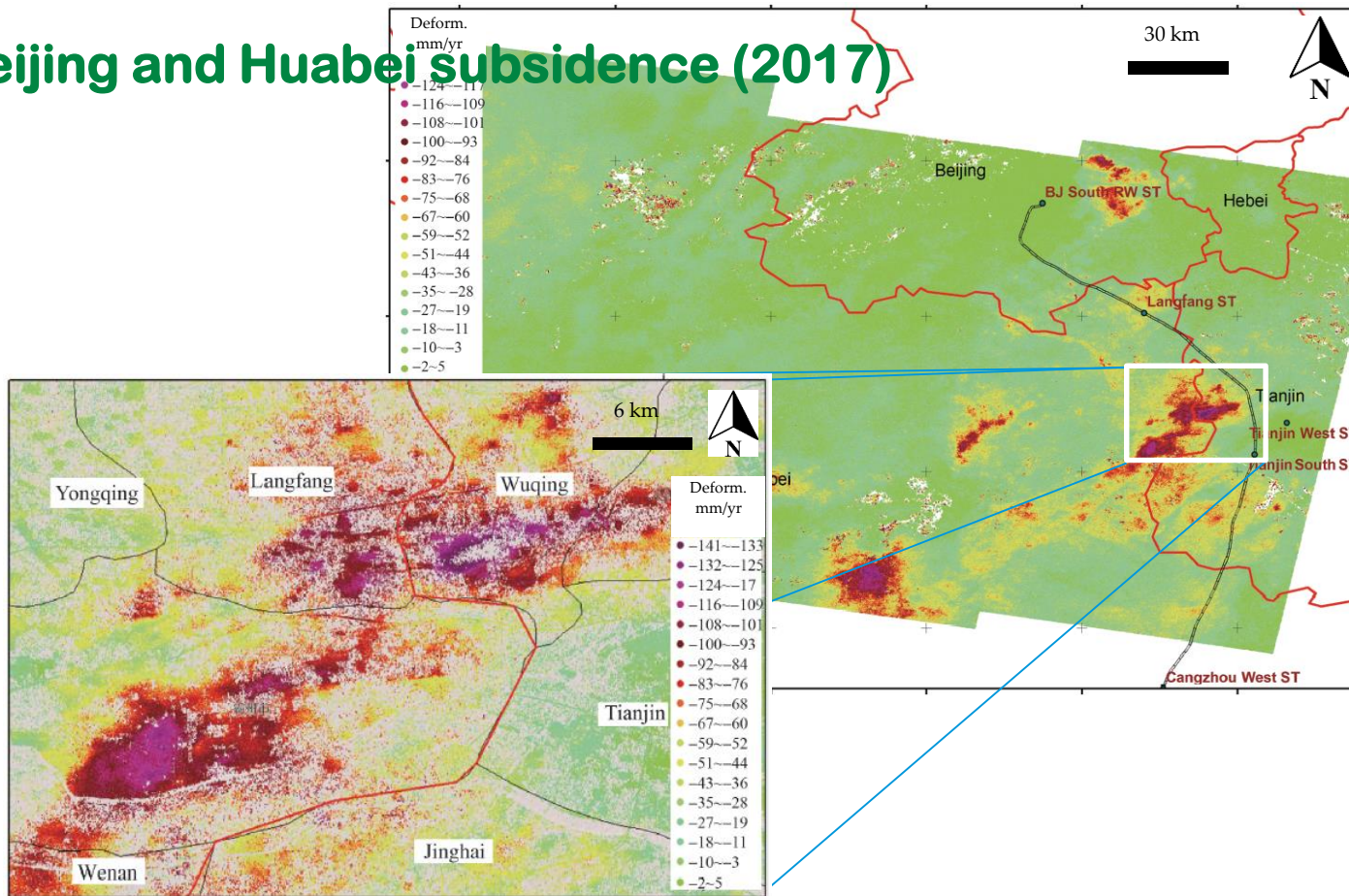
Bperp=112m



Beijing and Huabei subsidence (last 15 years)



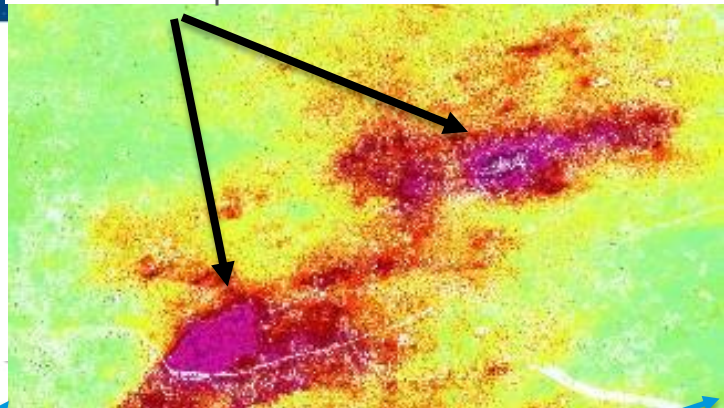
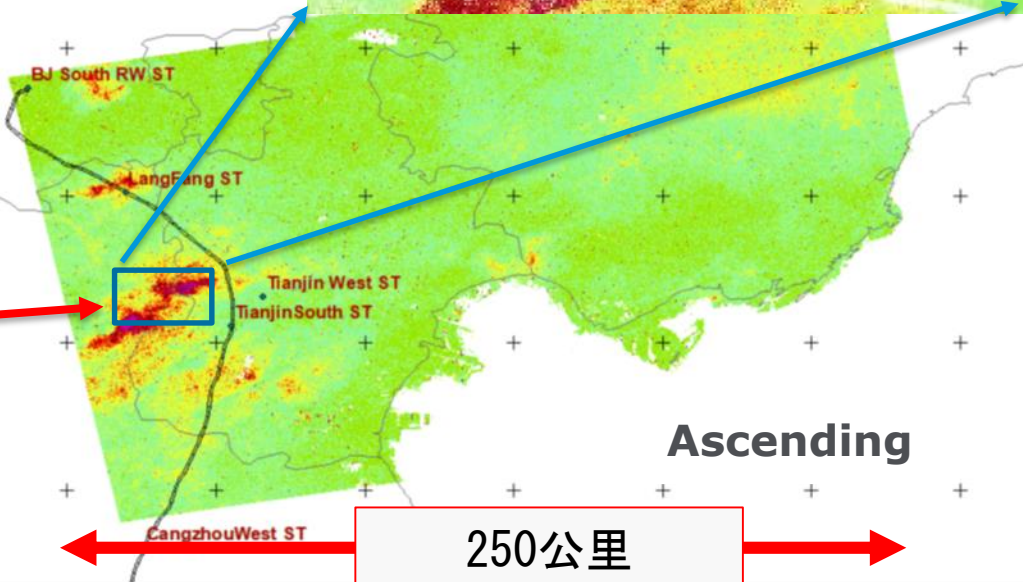
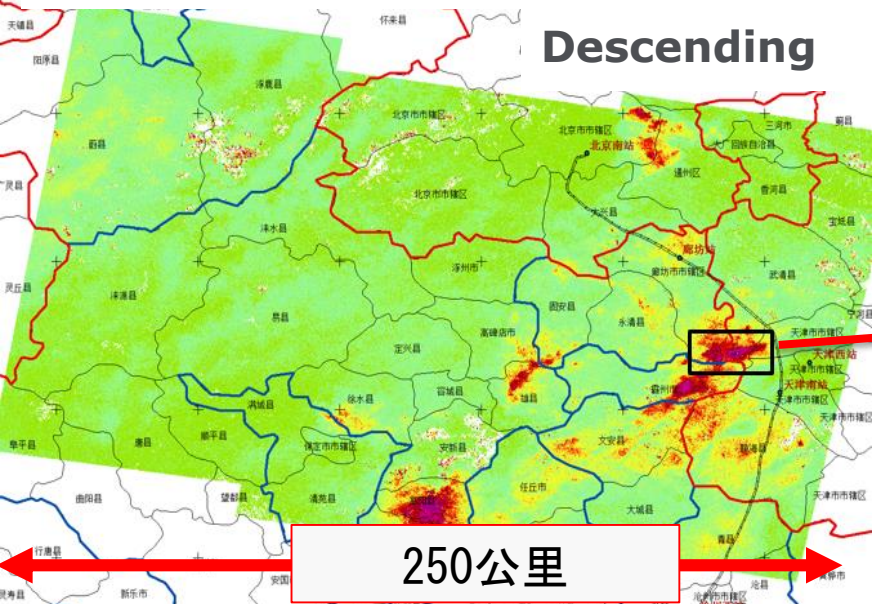
Beijing and Huabei subsidence (2017)



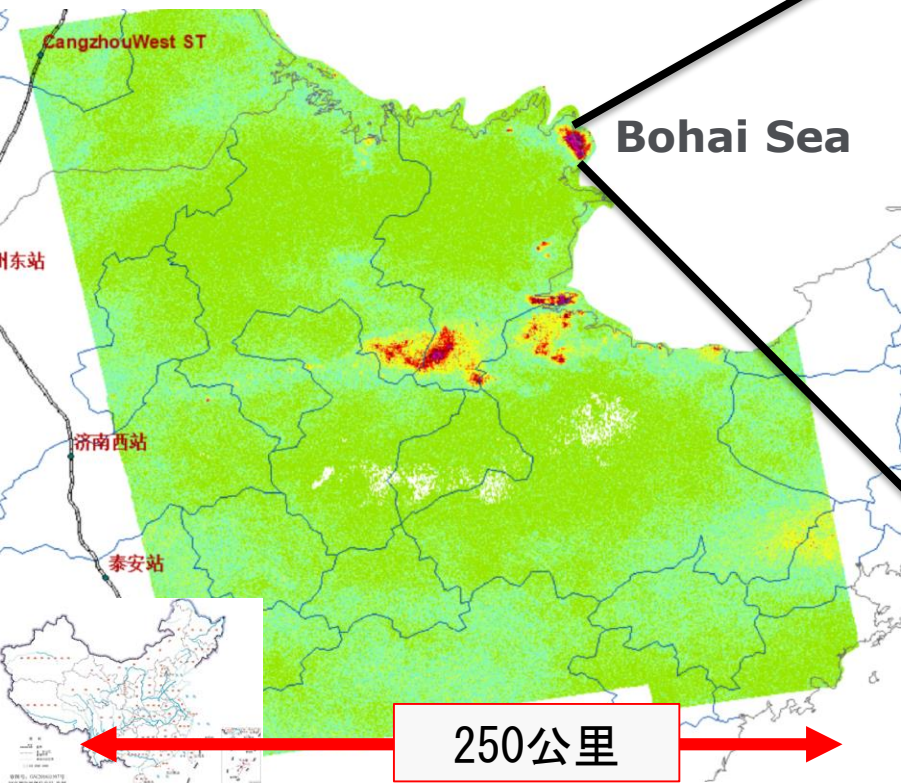
Sentinel 1
TOPS IW
mod SBAS
subsidence
map of
Beijing South,
with an
enlarge
subsidence
map around
Tianjin West

More details is obtained and clear subsidence pattern could be observed.

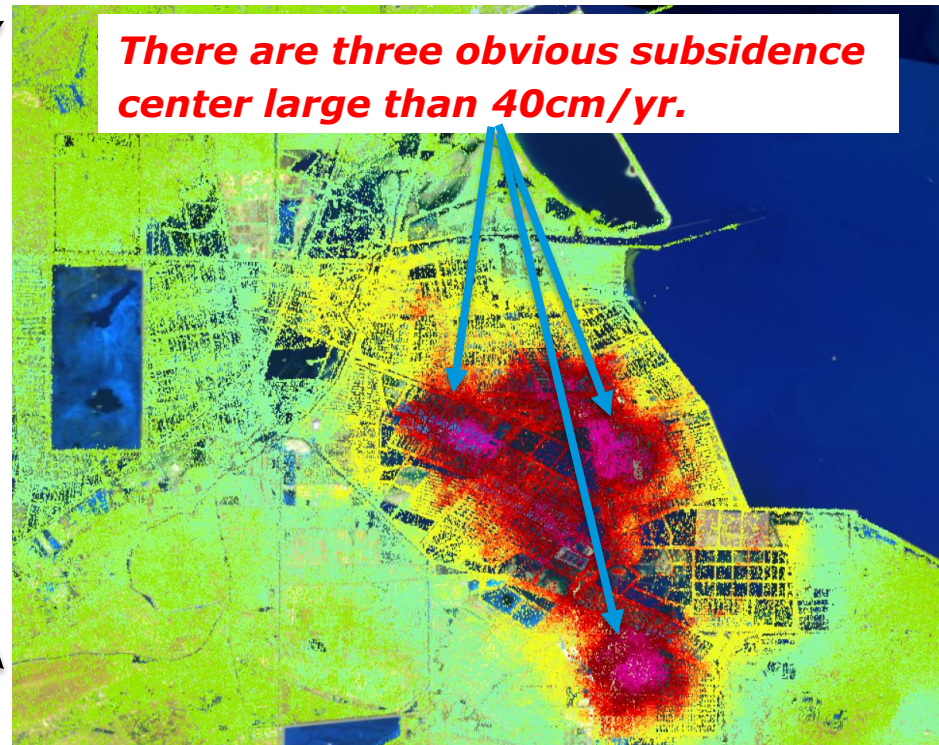
Beijing and Huabei subsidence (2017)



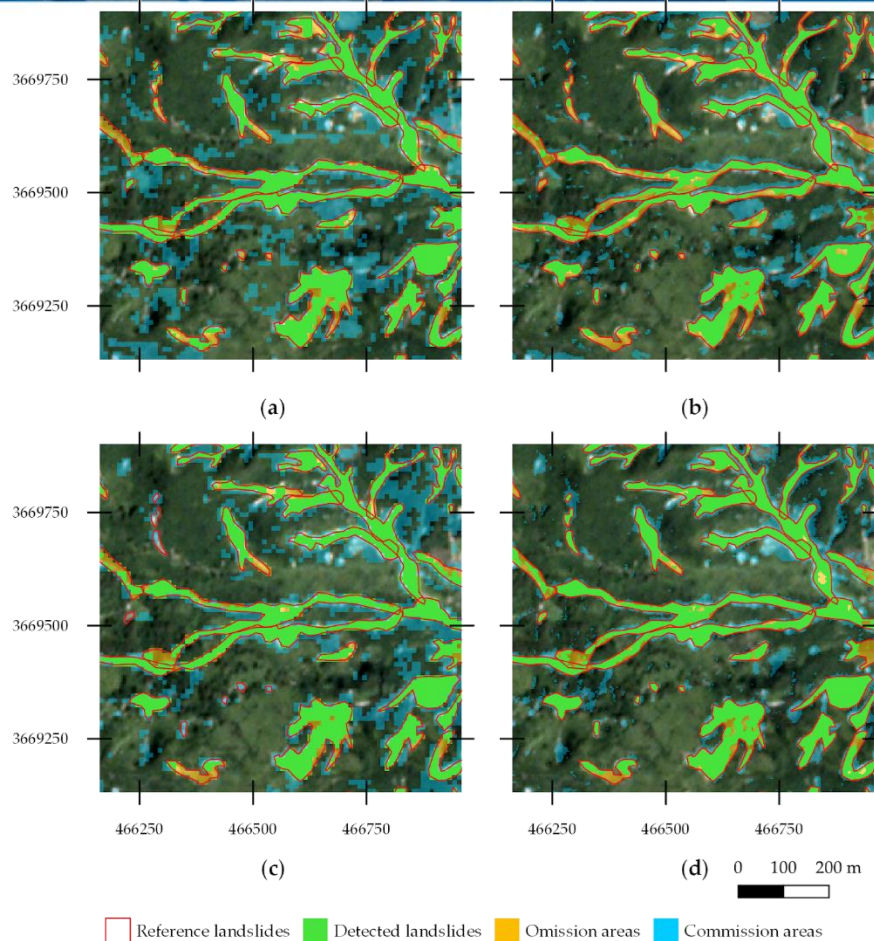
North coastal around Bohai subsidence (2017)



There are three obvious subsidence center large than 40cm/yr.



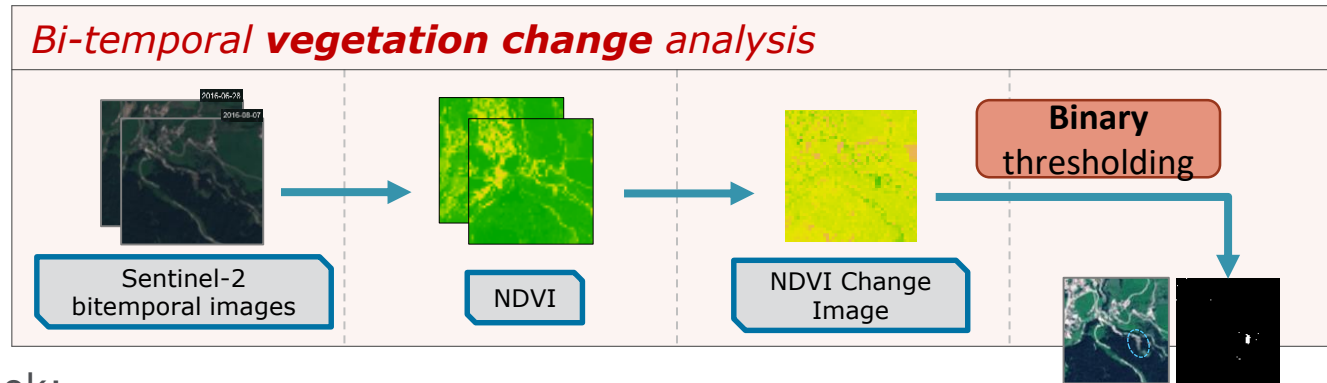
Spatio-temporal landslide identification and activity assessment for hazard and risk investigations in Longnan region, Northwest China



Results of the change detection: (a) EM with Sentinel-2 imagery, (b) EM with PlanetScope imagery, (c) GAM with Sentinel-2 imagery, and (d) GAM with PlanetScope imagery colored as explained in legend.

We are working on...

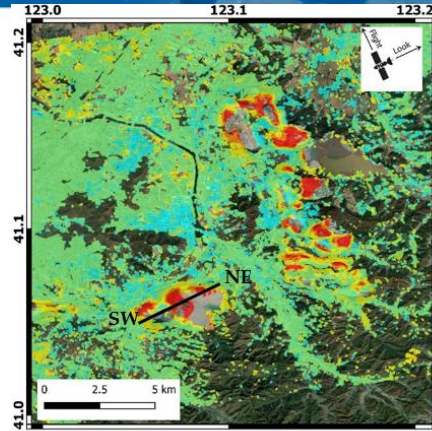
- Testing of land cover disturbance indices derived from Sentinel-2 image data
- Developing an approach for the automated multi-temporal detection of landslides



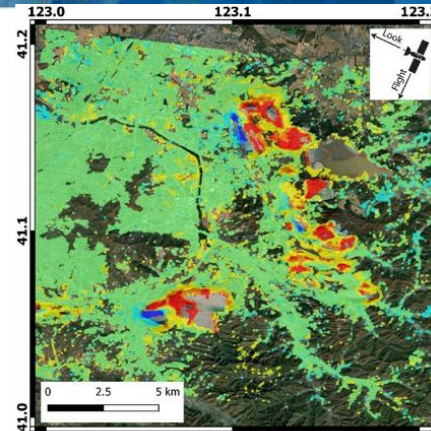
Our Outlook:

- Algorithm development for multi-temporal landslide inventory maps
- Spatio-temporal landslide activity assessment in the study areas
- Dragon4 Project Group exchange and joint research activity
- Potential testing of SAR Interferometry (Sentinel-1) for validation and examination of pre-failure movement

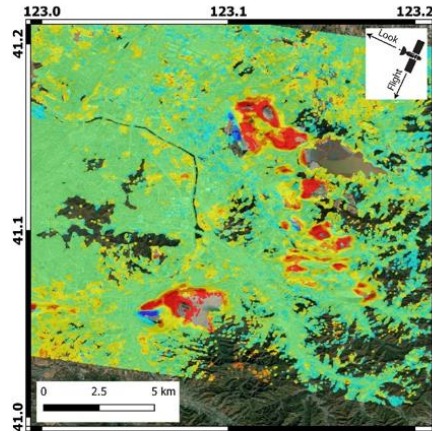
**Collaborative
Monitoring of
Multiple
Geohazards
over Traditional
Heavy
Industrial
Region in
Northeast China
with Multi-
source Remote
Sensing Data**



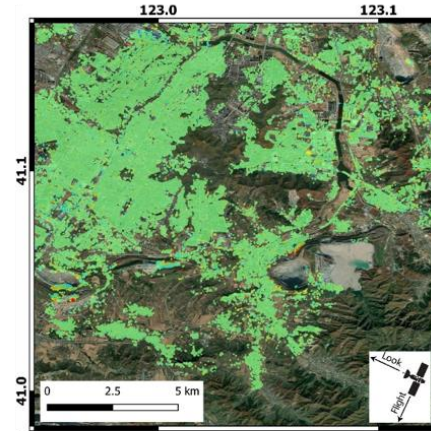
(a)



(b)

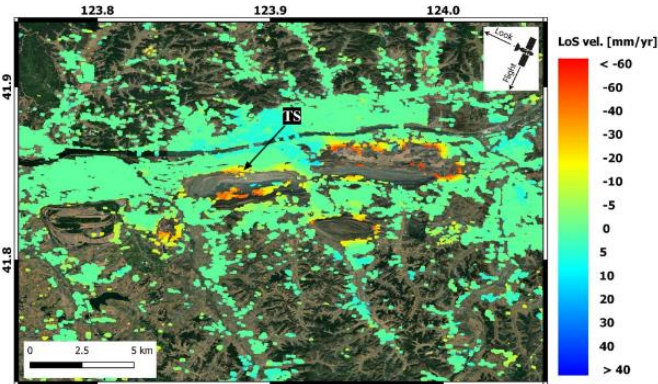


(c)

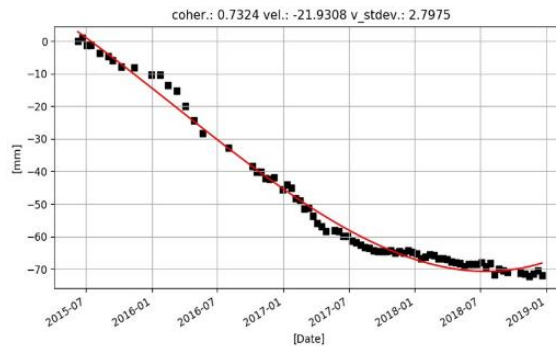


(d)

Ground velocity maps for the Anshan pit mine area

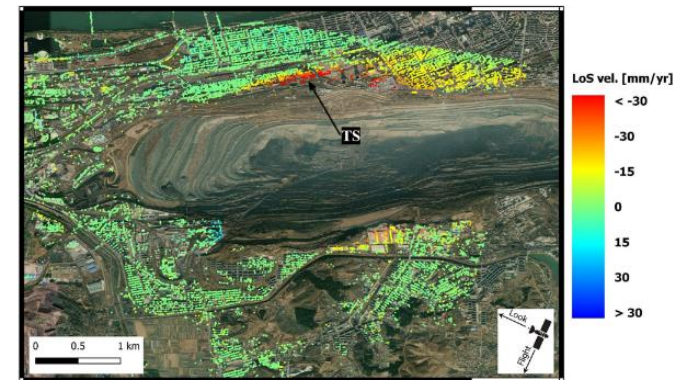


(a)

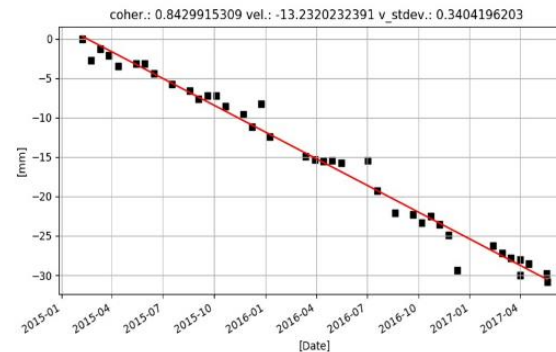


(b)

Ground velocity maps for the Fushun pit mine area

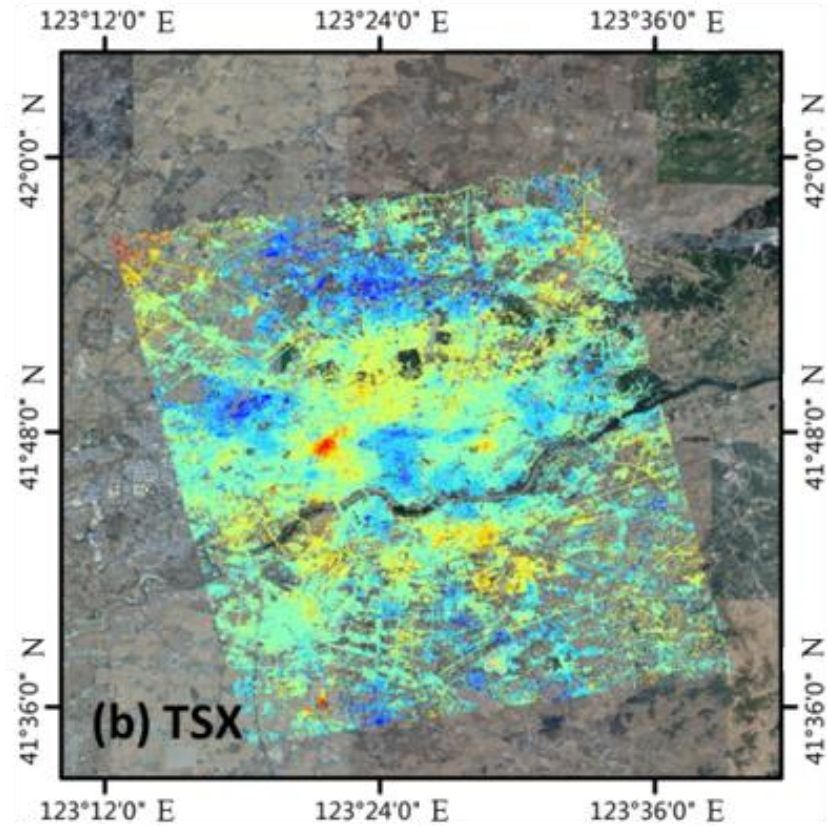
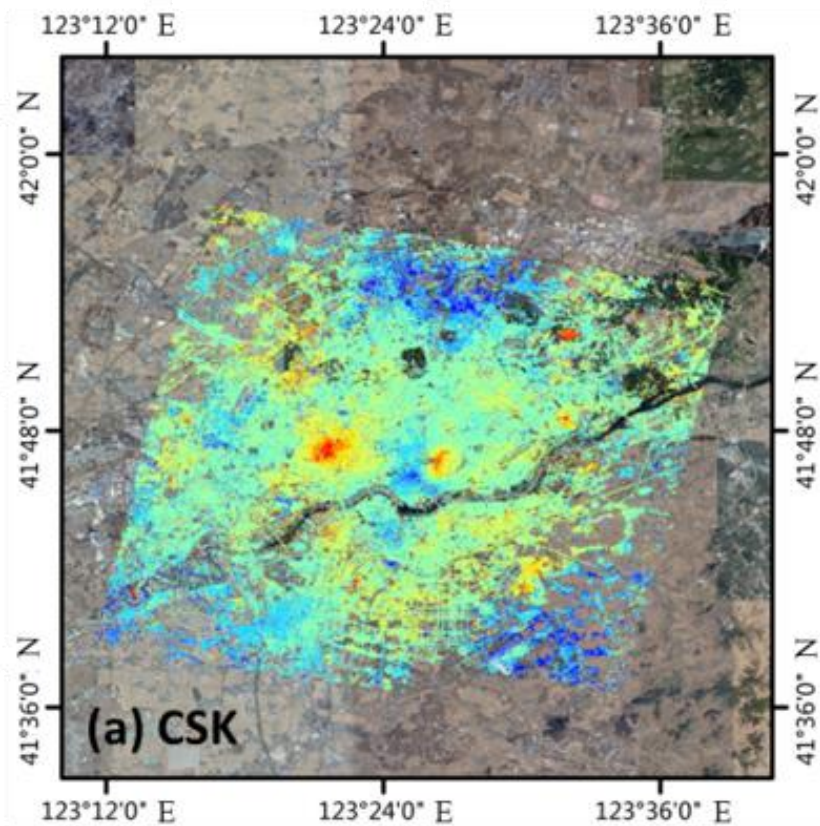


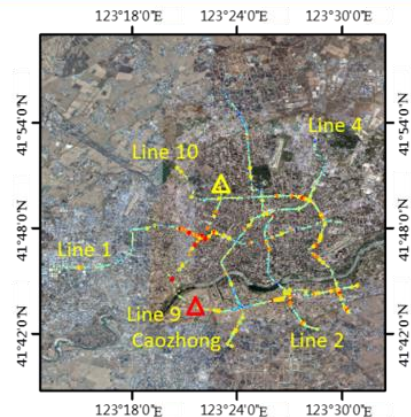
(c)



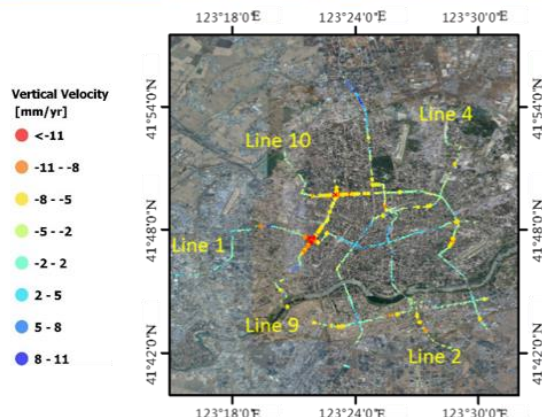
(d)

Mean ground velocity maps over Shenyang: (a) CSK data and; (b) TSX data.

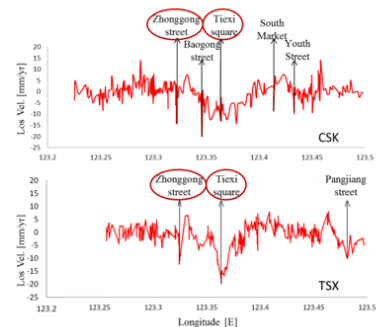




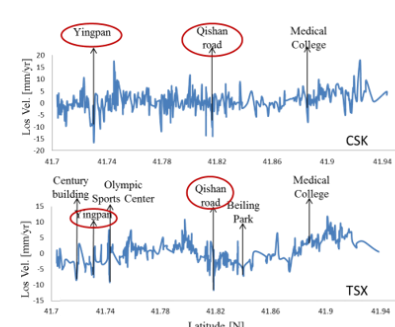
(a)



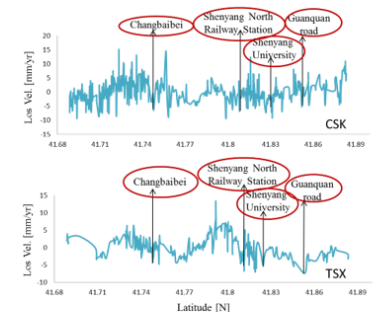
(b)



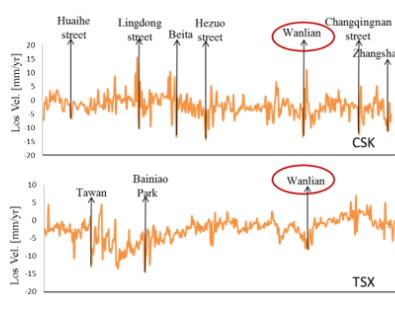
(c)



(d)



(e)



(f)

Comparison of displacement velocity profiles from (a) CSK and (b) TSK, and analysis with respect to subway tunnels: profile along line (c) 1; (d) 2; (e) 4 and; (f) 10.

More than 50 YS contributions during D4 program



eurac research

ABSTRACT

In this paper, different approaches for automated landslide detection are compared. The proposed method is based on... (text continues)

1 INTRODUCTION / OBJECTIVE

Landslide detection is a complex task that requires... (text continues)

2 STUDY AREAS AND DATA

South Tyrol, Italy, encompasses an area of approximately... (text continues)

CONCLUSIONS

The results of this study show that... (text continues)

OUTLOOK

Algorithm development for multi-temporal... (text continues)

REFERENCES

Bellugi, G., et al., 2014. Automated topographic... (text continues)



Displacement Monitoring over Dagusan Open-pit Iron Mine by Means of Small Baseline Subsets

Displacement monitoring over Dagusan Open-pit Iron Mine, with... (text continues)

Study Area

The Dagusan Open-pit Iron Mine is located in the... (text continues)

Methodology

Least squares adjustment (LSA) is the most common... (text continues)

CONCLUSIONS

The results of this study show that... (text continues)

REFERENCES

Chen, A., et al., 2014. A new... (text continues)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The authors would like to thank... (text continues)

Fig. 1. Study Area



Fig. 1. Study Area

Fig. 2. Small Baseline Subsets (SBS) for PS InSAR



Fig. 2. Small Baseline Subsets (SBS) for PS InSAR



Urban Subsidence Analysis Based on Fusion of Multi-sensor High-resolution InSAR Datasets

Urban subsidence is one of the most common... (text continues)

Study Area

The study area is located in the... (text continues)

Methodology

Least squares adjustment (LSA) is the most common... (text continues)

CONCLUSIONS

The results of this study show that... (text continues)

REFERENCES

Chen, A., et al., 2014. A new... (text continues)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The authors would like to thank... (text continues)

Fig. 3. Vertical Displacement Rate

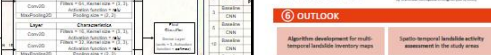


Fig. 3. Vertical Displacement Rate

Fig. 4. Small Baseline Subsets (SBS) for PS InSAR



Fig. 4. Small Baseline Subsets (SBS) for PS InSAR



Remote Sensing Landslide Detection in the Longnan Region and the European Alps

Remote sensing landslide detection is a... (text continues)

Study Area

The Longnan Region is located in the... (text continues)

Methodology

Least squares adjustment (LSA) is the most common... (text continues)

CONCLUSIONS

The results of this study show that... (text continues)

REFERENCES

Chen, A., et al., 2014. A new... (text continues)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The authors would like to thank... (text continues)

Fig. 5. Landslide Detection Results

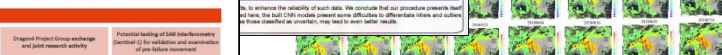


Fig. 5. Landslide Detection Results

Fig. 6. Small Baseline Subsets (SBS) for PS InSAR



Fig. 6. Small Baseline Subsets (SBS) for PS InSAR

Project ID: 32365_4

Project ID: 32365_4

Academic joint publications

Nonlinear Model for InSAR Baseline Error, IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing, 54(9), p5341-5351

Filtering SAR interferometric phase noise using a split-window model, Remote Sensing Letters, 7(8), 800-809

Policy factors impact analysis based on remote sensing data and the CLUE-S model in the Lijiang River Basin, China, Catena, (158) , pp286-297

Minimum Redundancy Array - A Baseline Optimization Strategy for SAR Tomography (under review for IEEE GRSL)

Monitoring and Analyzing Mountain Glacier Surface Movement Using SAR Data and a Terrestrial Laser Scanner: A Case Study of the Himalayas North Slope Glacier Area. Jinghui Fan, Qun Wang, Guang Liu, Lu Zhang, Zhaocheng Guo, Liqiang Tong, Junhuan Peng, Weilin Yuan, Wei Zhou, Jin Yan, Zbigniew Perski, Joaquim João Sousa. Remote Sensing: 2019, 11(6)

Monitoring the Motion of YiGa Glacier Using GF-3 Images. WANG Qun, ZHANG Yunling, FAN Jinghui, FU Yuhao. Geomatics and Information Science of Wuhan University (accepted)

Application of Machine Learning for Classifications of InSAR Deformation Patterns. ESA Living Planet Symposium, Milan 13-17 May, 2019

Academic exchanges

- **Team Member Meetings**
 - 2017: EUG General Assembly 2017, Vienna
 - 2017: D4 Symposium, Copenhagen
 - 2018: D4 Mid-term Symposium, Xi'an
 - 2019: D4 Symposium, Ljubljana
 - 2020/21: remotly
- **Exchange of Young Scientists**
 - **Chinese PhD Candidates visiting European Institutions**
 - **European Young scientists visiting China**
- **Frequent email exchange regarding executive details**

